

"The one thing that is never taught is this: that there is a whole truth of things, and in knowing it and speaking it, we are happy." - G.K. Chesterton

:	Classical Education	Secular Education
Philosophy (Different views of man and world)	 Dignity inherent. Made in image & likeness of God. Reality in true fullness of both material (body) and immaterial (soul). Direction and purpose is long term—pointed to one's final end, which is union with God in heaven. 	 Materialist view. Valued in relationship to production/contributions. Reality is limited to what is seen, and no acknowledgement of man's true final end. Actions are solely directed toward intermediate and immediate "ends" (ACT, college placement, pleasures).
Objectives (Different goals)	 To form wisdom and virtue. To seek holiness through fulfilling vocation. Student to develop knowledge of identity and purpose. To foster wonder and develop the intellect and the will to know Truth, Beauty, and Goodness. To love knowledge for its own sake. 	 Emphasis on social & cultural norms. No moral standard given. Attention only to what is quantifiable and measurable (achievement test outcomes). Beauty, Truth, and Goodness is defined subjectively. (relativism) Use of talent for self-gratification; knowledge is only a means to an end.
Curriculum (Different content and methods)	 Comprehensive, integrated curriculum. Systematically planned from start to finish. Subjects are integrated within the same historical timeframe fostering deeper connections and greater innovations. Structured in view of the end. Curriculum is based on tried and true content and methods: Great Books, Socratic learning. Faith and Reason meet in every class. Teach students how to think. 	 Subjects are disintegrated (not connected). Large portion of course selection left to student preferences (electives). Heavy influence from standardized testing-teaching to the test. Emphasis on "new" and often untested methods. Focus on material sources of knowledge, generally omitting immaterial methods of reason (theology, philosophy). Teaching what to think, not how.

Chesterton Academy—because it matters how you think.



Character Development	 Formation in what is good, beautiful and true. Development of virtue & citizenship/duty, self-control, & manners. Socratic discussion promotes civil disagreement and rhetoric abilities. 	 Relativism & Self Esteem. Lack of moral absolutes. Opinion-driven. Learn to separate faith from daily life and reason itself (not integrated in each subject or in one's day).
Equality	 All possess God-given dignity. Equal Opportunity to use gifts and talents and well being for the Body of Christ. 	Equal Outcome.What can I get, versus what I give.
Parent/ Teacher Role	 Parents are primary educators who collaborate with teachers and school. Teacher is mentor and authority put in place by parents. 	 Parent role diminished and separated. Teacher as facilitator & "Friend" Authority figures seen as barrier to freedom.
Student Role	 Develop the mind and will according to truth and virtue Students assess opinions, feelings, and ideas in order to make critical judgments about reality. Students are active participants in their education. 	 Child is a product. No differentiation between objective and subjective truth; focus on feelings and opinions as an end. Students are passive receptacles of knowledge.
Student Happiness	 Happiness knowing whole truth and knowing identity/purpose for life. Look toward eternal happiness. Able to overcome difficulty. 	 Happiness tied to material pursuits. More apt to compare to others, not see final end. More likely persuaded by false logic/culture of the day.

"A dead thing can go with the stream, but only a living thing can go against it." - G.K. Chesterton

Chesterton Academy—because it matters how you think.